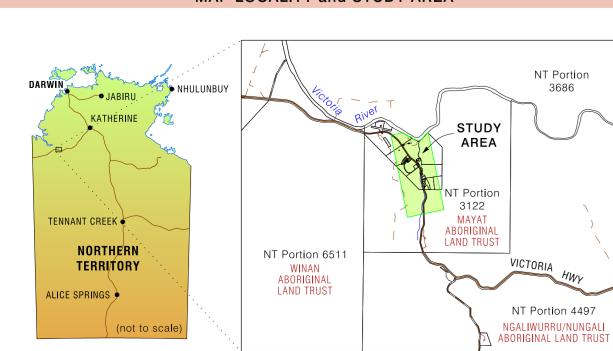


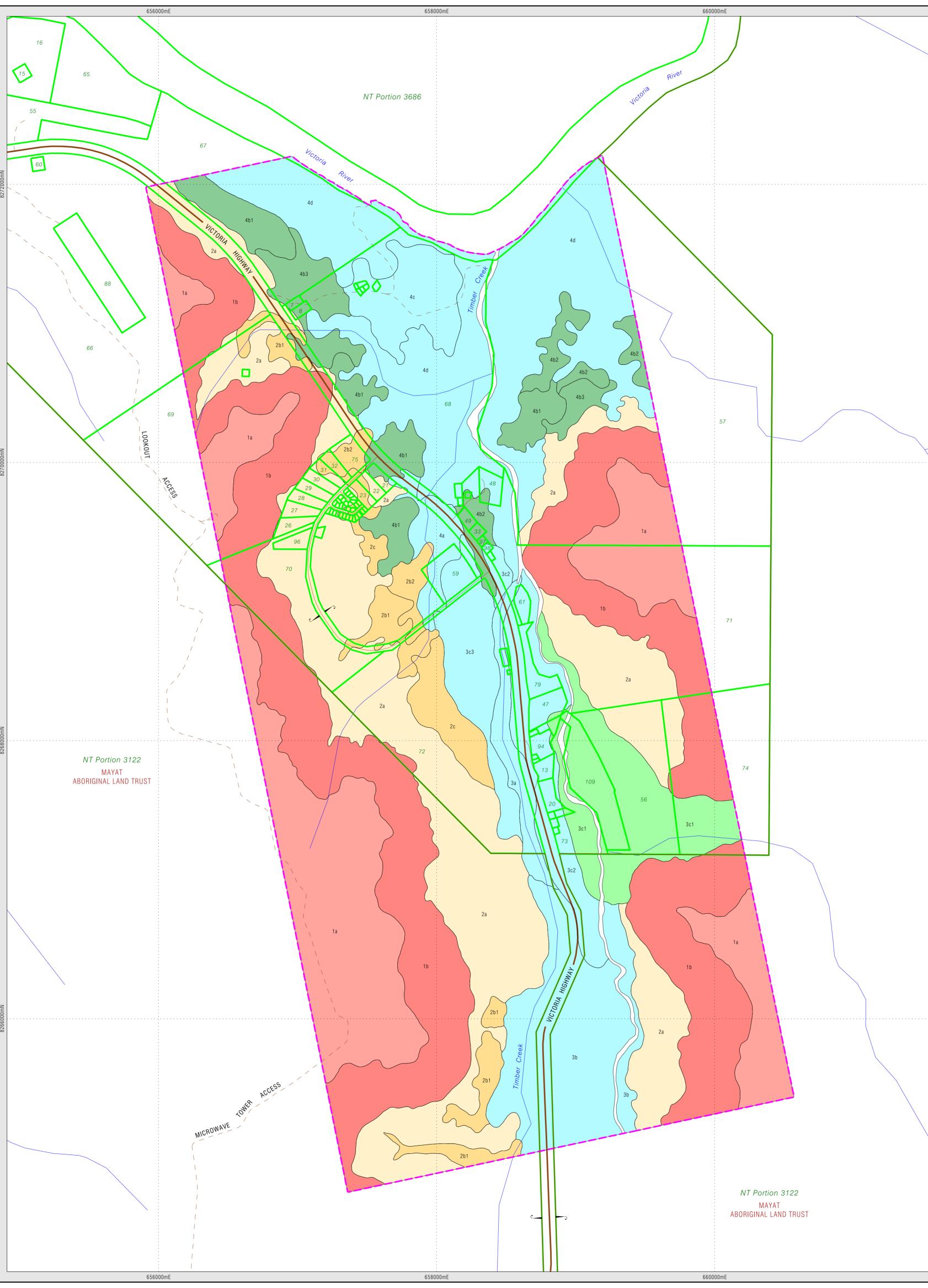
#### **GENERAL FEATURES** Land unit boundary Survey boundary Property boundary. Parcel number . Aboriginal Land Trust Minor road / track Drainage line .

Department of Infrastructure, Planning and Logistics, NT of Australia Drainage lines: Geoscience Australia, Australian Government. Geodata Topo 250K series 3.

## MAP LOCALITY and STUDY AREA

Base Information Data Sources:







# LAND RESOURCES of THE TIMBER CREEK TOWNSHIP **AREA**

For further information contact: Department of Environment, Parks and Water Security Director, Land Assessment, Rangelands Division Ph. (08) 8999 4478 Email: rangelands@nt.gov.au Web: https://depws.nt.gov.au Level 3, Goyder Centre, 25 Chung Wah Terrace, Palmerston, Northern Territory of Australia.

NR Maps: https://nrmaps.nt.gov.au Map Reference: DEPWS2021204 Timber-Creek-Township Land-Resources Map

#### LAND UNIT DESCRIPTIONS

Structural plateau surface, upper slopes and benches above scarp at top of denundation slope. Skeletal soils (Rudosols) with rock outcrop. Eucalyptus tetrodonta, Corymbia dichromophloia, Corymbia ferruginea, Eucalyptus miniata, Eucalyptus phoenicea open woodland with dominant grasses Sorghum stipoideum, Triodia bitextura.

Boulder strewn denundation slopes, up to 60% occurring beneath scarp; relief 100m. Lithosols (Rudosols). Eucalyptus tectifica low open woodland with stunted Erythrophleum chlorostachys,

Cochlospermum fraseri and dominant grasses Sorghum stipoideum and Triodia spp. and Ptilotus obovatus forbs.

Lower footslopes 2-4% slope, with few surface stones. Moderately deep, yellow earthy sands (Tenosols) with slight internal drainage impedance. *Terminalia platyptera*, *Eucalyptus microtheca* low open woodland with dominant grasses *Sorghum* spp. and *Triodia* sp. and some some *Ptilotus obovatus* forbs. Lower footslopes 3-4%, with few surface stones; gullies occur along drainage lines. Moderately deep,

yellow earthy sands (Tenosols) with slight drainage impedance above a gravel pan.

Erythrophleum chlorostachys, Terminalia platyphylla, Corymbia latifolia open woodland with dominant

#### grasses of annual Sorghum sp. and Chrysopogon fallax. Lower footslopes gently sloping at 2-4%. Shallow gravelly yellow earths (Kandosols). Melaleuca minutifolia and Terminalia platyptera tall shrubland with dominant grasses

## Aristida latifolia and Themeda triandra.

Upper footslopes gently sloping at 2-10%; scattered limestone pavement or outcrop, and hard silicified sandstone boulders. Lithosols (Rudosols). Eucalyptus tectifica, Erythrophleum chlorostachys, Terminalia platyptera, Eucalyptus grandifolia low open woodland with dominant grasses Sorghum spp. with occassional *Triodia* spp., *Chrysopogon* spp. and *Heteropogon* sp.

Levees and backplains of Timber Creek, slopes 2-3% on western side of the creek. Moderately deep calcareous red earths (Red Kandosols) over a calcareous pan at 60cm. Eucalyptus tectifica and Corymbia latifolia open woodland with dominant grasses Sehima nervosum, Themeda triandra and

## ALLUVIAL PLAINS

Heteropogon contortus.

Gently undulating gilgaid backplains associated with Victoria River; 20-25% surface cover of sandstone, limestone and chert stones and gravel. Deep, brown cracking clays (Brown Vertosols), heavily gilgaid, self mulching surface, calcareous throughout; many floaters in some areas. Lysiphyllum cunninghamii, Vachellia bidwillii, Sesbania sp. and Eucalyptus microtheca low open shrubland with dominant grasses

#### Chrysopogon sp., Sorghum spp. and Iseilema sp. Gently undunating gilgaid backplains of Victoria River. Deep, brown cracking clays (Brown Vertosols), gilgaid, self-mulching surface; calcareous throughout. *Eucalyptus microtheca* and *Bauhinia cunninghamii* low open shrubland with dominant grasses Chrysopogon fallax, Aristida latifolia and Iseilema sp.

Gently undunating gilgaid backplains of Victoria River. Deep, brown cracking clays (Brown Dermosols), clacareous throughout with self-mulching surface. Ficus opposita, Eucalyptus microtheca, Vachellia bidwilii and Carissa lanceolata low open shrubland with dominant Sorghum spp. grass.

Secondary creek containing ephemeral water supplies and recent alluvial deposits. Alluvial deposits

### (Kandosols and Rudosols). Ephemeral creeks, vegetation has not been described. Backplains and drainage flats associated with Timber Creek; slopes less than 2%. Moderately deep.

dark brown non cracking clays (Brown Dermosols), with silty clay loam organic surface horizons over calcareous subsoils. Corymbia bella and Corymbia grandifolia open woodland over Vachellia bidwillii and Sesbania sp. with dominant grasses Sehima nervosum, Themeda triandra and Chrysopogon fallax.

#### Levee banks and terraces of Timber Creek. Moderately deep calcareous red earths (Red Kandosols) over calcareous pan at 90cm. Silty alluvial surface due to flood deposits. Corymbia terminalis, Eucalyptus tectifica, Terminalia arostrata and Bauhinia cunninghamii open woodland with dominant grasses Sehima nervosum, Themeda triandra and Chrysopogon fallax.

Levees and drainage flats of Timber Creek. Deep calcareous red clays (Red Dermosols) on higher levees and deep, dark brown clays (Brown Dermosols) in lower drainage flat areas. Eucalyptus tectifica, Terminalia arostrata, Corymbia terminalis open woodland with C. papuana and E. microtheca in lower areas, dominant grasses Chrysopogon fallax and Heteropogon contortus with Themeda triandra and

#### Sehima nervosum in low areas. Backplains of Victoria River containing numerous drainage lines. Shallow, brown non cracking clays (Brown Dermosols). Eucalyptus microtheca, Terminalia platyphylla, Adansonia sp.,

Lysiphyllum cunninghamii open woodland with dominant grasses Sorghum spp. and Chrysopogon spp. Levees adjacent to Victoria River, and some cleared, levelled areas. Alluvial sandy red earths

#### (Red Kandosols) in undisturbed areas; some levelled areas containing shallow gravelly soils (Rudosols). Eucalyptus tectifica, Terminalia platyptera, Acacia sp. and Gyrocarpus americanus low woodland with dominant grasses Sorghum spp. and Chrysopogon sp.

Eroded areas within Victoria River deposits. Sandy red earths (Red Kandosols), calcareous red and brown clays (Red and Brown Dermosols). Eucalyptus microtheca and Bauhinia cunninghamii low

### **Example of Land Unit Descriptions**

Landform description

— Soil description

Gently undunating gilgaid backplains of Victoria River. Deep, brown cracking clays (Brown Vertosols), gilgaid, self-mulching surface; calcareous throughout. Eucalyptus microtheca and Bauhinia cunninghamii low open shrubland with dominant grasses Chrysopogon fallax, Aristida latifolia and Iseilema sp.

Land unit

- Vegetation description

### MAP DISCLAIMER:

Land resource information has been derived from aerial photograph interpretation and field data describing landform, soil and vegetation. Mapping has been collected according to the national standards and prepared at a scale of 1:15 000. Enlarging this map beyond this scale will not provide further detail. Final map scale is 1:15 000.

A site inspection should always accompany mapping for specific areas.

### BIBLIOGRAPHIC REFERENCE:

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Northcote K.H. (1971). A Factual Key for the Recognition of Australian Soils. 3rd Edition, Rellim Publications, Glenside, SA.

> Isbell R.F. (2002). The Australian Soil Classification. Second Edition. CSIRO Publishing, Melbourne.



Cartography by R. Lim Geospatial Services Department of Environment, Parks and Water Security Northern Territory of Australia. September 2021.