

#### © Northern Territory of Australia

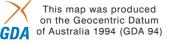
This product and all material forming part of it is copyright belonging to the Northern Territory of Australia. You may use this material for your personal, non-commercial use or use it within your organisation for non-commercial purposes, provided that an appropriate acknowledgement is made and the material is not altered in any way. Subject to the fair dealing provisions of the Copyright Act 1968, you must not make any other use of this product (including copying or reproducing it or part of it in any way) unless you have the written permission of the Northern Territory of Australia to do so.

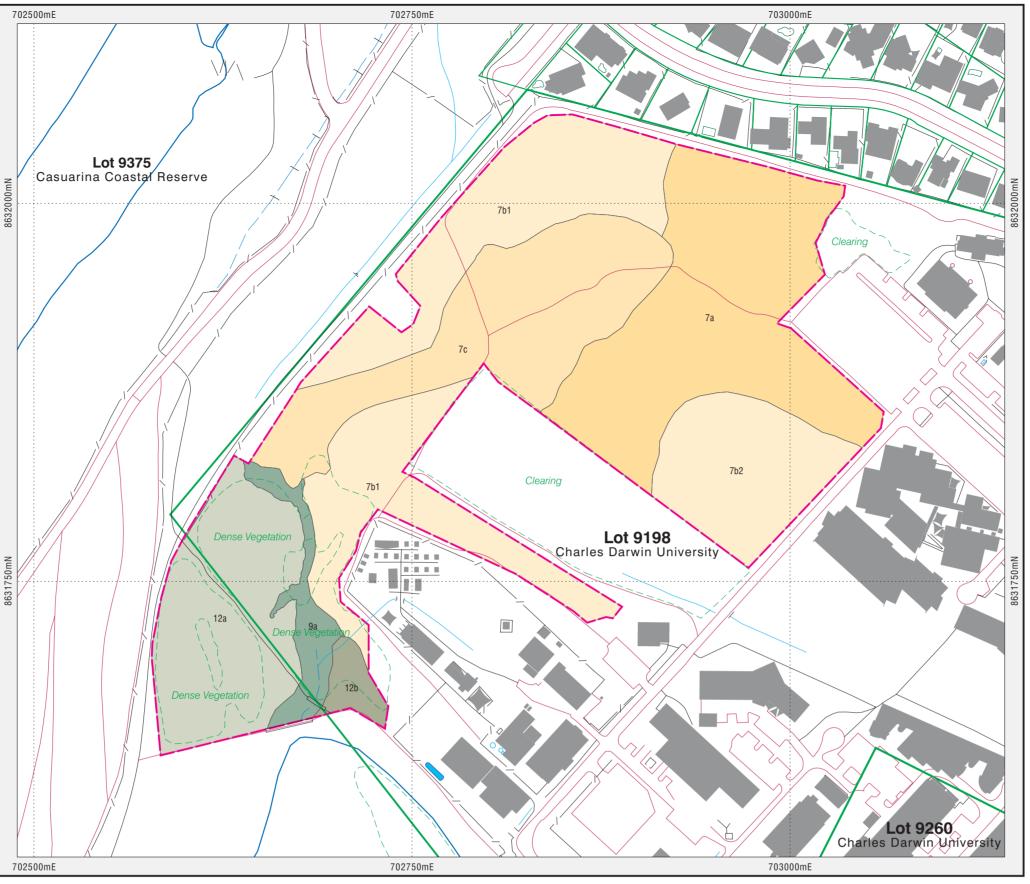
The Northern Territory of Australia does not warrant that the product or any part of it is correct or complete and will not be liable for any loss damage or injury suffered by any person as a result of its inaccuracy or incompleteness.

metres 0	50	100	150	200	250 metres
	red lines are 250			id of Australia	( )

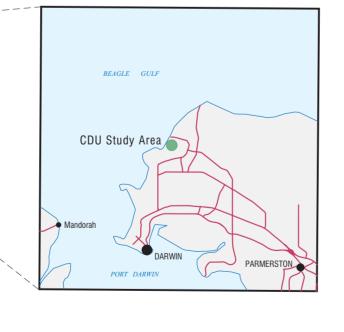








MAP LOCALITY DARWIN & Study Area NHULUNBUY JABIRU KATHERINE / NORTHERN TENNANT CREEK TERRITORY • ALICE SPRINGS



		La
		Pro
		Ex
		Lo
/	_/	Fe
	$\bigcirc$	Bu
0	0	Wa

xtent of Mapping

	LAND UNIT DESCRIPTIONS
LOW RIS	ES
7a	Undulating, low broad rises within the gently dissected, deeply weathered landscape, slopes of 2-6%. Very deep (>1.5 m) soft or firm, gravelly, sandy surfaced, massive red or brown gradational earths (clay loam sandy to medium clay subsoil) (Red or Brown Kandosols). Stringybark (Eucalyptus tetrodonta) mid open woodland over occasional Kakadu Plum (Terminalia Ferdinandiana) low woodland over Speargrass (Sorghum intrans) mid tussock grassland.
7b1	Undulating, low broad rises within the gently dissected, deeply weathered landscape, slopes of 2-6%. Very deep (>1.5 m), firm or hardsetting, gravelly, loamy surfaced, massive red or yellow gradational earths (light clay to light medium clay subsoil) (Brown or yellow Kandosols). Kakadu Plum (Terminalia ferdinandiana) low woodland over Speargrass (Sorghum intrans) mid closed tussock grassland or Coffee Bush (Leucaena leucocephala) low woodland with emergent Apple Gum (Corymbia polysciada) and Black Wattle (Acacia auriculiformis).
7b2	Undulating, low broad rises within the gently dissected, deeply weathered landscape, slopes of 2-6%. Moderately deep (0.5-1.0 m), firm, gravelly, loamy surfaced, massive yellow gradational earths (light clay subsoil) (Yellow Kandosols). Stringybark (Eucalyptus tetrodonta), Black Wattle (Acacia auriculiformis), Apple Gum (Corymbia polysciada) mid woodland.
7c	Undulating, low broad rises within the gently dissected, deeply weathered landscape, slopes of 1-3%. Moderately deep (0.5-1.0 m), soft or firm, gravelly, loamy surfaced, massive brown or yellow gradational earths (clay loam sandy to medium clay subsoil) (Kandosolic Hydrosols). Subject to seasonal inundation. Apple Gum (Corymbia polysciada) mid open woodland over occasional low woodland of Kakadu Plum (Terminalia ferdinandiana), Red Paperbark (Lophostemon lactifluus) and Syzygium (Syzygium eucalyptoides) over tall sparse shrubs over mid tussock grassland.
ALLUVIAI	_ PLAINS
9a	Stream channel and banks of relict alluvial plain, slopes of <0.5% (greater slopes up banks). Subject to seasonal inundation. Disturbed soil (Hydrosols). Modified vegetation community including Coffee Bush (Leucaena Leucocephala) and some enrichment of native vegetation.
MARINE	
12a	Relict Aeolian derived level swale within a broader beach ridge plain, slopes 0.5-2%. Moderately deep to deep (0.5-1.5 m), soft or firm, sapric (organic), loamy surfaced, massive brown earthy sands (loamy sand to sandy loam subsoil) overlying beach rock (Brown-Orthic Tenosols). Pongamia (Millettia pinnata), Micromelum (Micromelum minutum) low closed forest with emergent Black Wattle (Acacia auriculiformis) with large areas almost completely dominated by mature Coffee Bush (Leucaena leucocephala).
12b	Intertidal creek and associated intratidal flats within a broader beach ridge plain, formed from marine deposition, slopes <1% (increasing to 2-3% at banks). Moderately deep to very deep (0.5->1.5 m), soft, sapric (organic), sandy surfaced, massive red earthy sands (clayey sand subsoil) overlying beach rock (Intratidal Hydrosols). Coffee Bush (Leucaena leucocephala), Apple Gum (Corymbia polysciada) mid woodland over Pandanus (Pandanus spiralis), Bean Tree (Cathormion umbellatum), Beach Hibiscus (Hibiscus tiliaceus) low woodland.
	Example of Land Unit Descriptions Landform Landform description LOW RISES
[	<ul> <li>Major drainage lines and associated narrow levees. Yellow earths and red earths on levees (Kandosols). Deep, medium textured profile. Friable to firm consistence. Eucalyptus bigalerita, Eucalyptus miniata and Corymbia polysciada mixed woodland to open forest. Dense mixed perennial grasses.</li> </ul>
	Land unit Vegetation description

For further information contact: Department of Environment and Natural Resources Director, Land Assessment, Rangelands Division, Ph. (08) 8999 4443 Email: rangelands@nt.gov.au Web: http://denr.nt.gov.au Level 3, Goyder Centre, 25 Chung Wah Terrace, Palmerston, Northern Territory of Australia.

> Cartography by R.Koberstein - August 2017 Geospatial Services, Water Resources Division, Department of Environment and Natural Resources, Northern Territory of Australia.

Web: http://nrmaps.nt.gov.au Map Reference: Cdu\_Land-Resources\_2500

Base Information Data Sources: Northern Territory, Department of Infrastructure, Planning and Logistics Geoscience Australia, Australian Government

Land resource information has been derived from aerial imagery interpretation and field data describing landform, soil and vegetation. Mapping has been collected according to the national standards and prepared at a scale of 1:5000. Enlarging this map beyond this scale will not provide further detail.

A site inspection should always accompany mapping for specific areas.

### BIBLIOGRAPHIC REFERENCE:

Andrews K, Mabuza C, Wright A & McGrath N (2017) Land Resources of Charles Darwin University bushlands, Casuarina Technical Report 15/2017D, Department of Environment & Natural Resources, Northern Territory Government, Darwin NT.

**TECHNICAL REFERENCES:** 

National Committee on Soil & Terrain (2009) "Australian Soil and Land Survey Field Handbook", 3nd edition, CSIRO Publishing, Canberra.

Isbell R.F (2016). "The Australian Soil Classification". 2nd Edition, CSIRO Publishing, Melbourne.

Executive Steering Committee for Australian Vegetation Information (ESCAVI) (2003) Australian Vegetation Attribute Manual: National Vegetation Information System, Version 6. Department of Environment & Heritage, Canberra.

# LAND RESOURCES of CHARLES DARWIN UNIVERSITY BUSHLANDS, CASUARINA

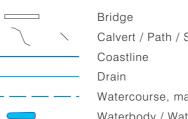
## DARWIN LOCALITY



 $(\mathbf{N})$ 

## **GENERAL FEATURES**

and unit boundary roperty boundary ocal road - sealed ence / paddock name uildings / Swimming Pools /ater / Non Water Tanks



Calvert / Path / Spillway Watercourse, mainly dry Waterbody / Waterhole